Introduction to sundials

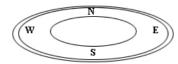
This task is exploring how sundials can be used to tell the time.



If you stand outside on a sunny day you can see your shadow. If you stayed in one place all day long, you would see you shadow moving. You could put a stick in the ground and make marks where the stick's shadow was every hour. Now you can can tell the time by looking at where the shadow falls on your marks.

Shadow sticks have been used by humans to tell time for many thousands of years. Another name for a shadow stick is a gnomon (no-mon). The ancient Egyptians built tall gnomons made from stone, which they called obelisks. People could tell the time by looking at the where the obelisk's shadow fell. Later the Greeks and Romans developed sundials to tell the time. Sundials are smaller and work better.

- a) To make your own sundial:
 - Write N, S, E, and W on your plate.
 - Put some Blu-tack in the middle of the plate.
 - Place a small stick straight up in the Blu-tack.
 - Put your sundial in a sunny and safe spot.
 - Make sure "S" on your sundial points South. (Your teacher will show you South).



- b) At 10:00 a.m., 12:00 p.m., and 2:00 p.m., carefully draw around the whole length of the shadow and write the time next to it.
- ii) Write down what you noticed about the **size** of the shadow your sundial made.

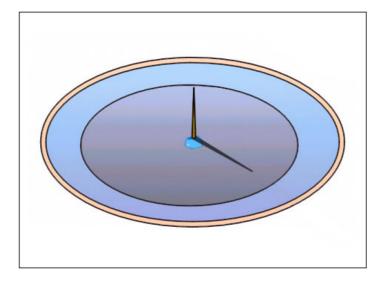
 Write down what you noticed about **how** the shadow **moved**.

d)	Draw and label of	on your	sundial	where	you	think	the	Sun's	shadow	will f	all at	the	follov	wing
	times:													

- 11:00 a.m. and
- 3:00 p.m.

Write the time next to both shadows.

e) Draw where the Sun would be in the picture below to make the shadow shown.



f) i) In which sort of day would the sundial not tell the time very well? (Circle as many as you think.)

		Cloudy	Bright and sunny	Rainy	Clear blue skies
ii)	Explain why.				

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