Skulls on the farm

When visiting his cousin's farm, William found two skulls in one of the paddocks. He thought one might be a cow or sheep, and the other a dog or cat.

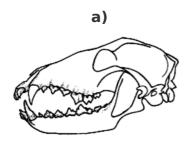


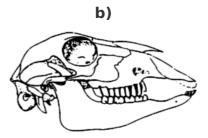






- . Look carefully at each skull to decide which animal it belonged to.
- . Compare the skulls with the pictures of the animals, and also think about other features you can observe on the skulls.
- . List as many reasons as you can for your choice.
- . Mark your work using the self-assessment sheet.





(The skulls are not to scale.)

i) This is the skull of a ... herbivore / carnivore (circle one)

ii) Identify 3 observable features of the skull and say how they support your statement above. i) This is the skull of a ... herbivore / carnivore (circle one)

ii) Identify 3 observable features of the skull and say how they support your statement above.

iii) This is the skull of a cow / sheep / dog / cat (circle one)

iv) Give one piece of evidence to support this:

iii) This is the skull of a cow / sheep / dog / cat (circle one)

iv) Give one piece of evidence to support this:

Skulls on the Farm - Self-assessment sheet

Tick in the boxes below \Box all the pieces of evidence you used.

a) i) This is the skull of a **carnivore**.

ii)	Observations		Knowledge	
	sharp, pointy teeth		for biting off bits of meat - indicates a carnivore/meat eater	
	long, pointy, canine teeth		for piercing/ holding prey - indicates a carnivore/meat eater	
	teeth right along jaw bones		for chewing meat - indicates a carnivore/meat eater	
	overlapping teeth		act like scissors to chop meat - indicates a carnivore/meat eater	
	eye socket facing front		to look for prey - indicates a hunter/ predator	
iii)) This is the skull of a dog.			
iv) longish upper jaw		longer than a cat's	
	This is the skull of a herbiv	ore.		
ii)	Observations		Knowledge	
	chisel shaped sharp teeth in bottom front jaw		for cutting off grass - indicates a plant eater/ herbivore	
	no teeth in top front javbony pad top front jaw	v 🗔	for the incisor teeth to cut against - indicates a plant eater/herbivore	
	grinding teeth at back		for grinding up plant material - indicates a plant eater/ herbivore	
	gap between front and back teeth		allows animal to protrude tongue through gap, wrap around grass and pull into the mouth	
	eye socket at side		for watching out for enemies - indicates a grazing animal	
iii)) This is the skull of a sheep.			
iv) shortish upper jaw		shorter than a cow's	

What evidence did you use from your previous experience or knowledge?

You can use your self-assessment sheet to decide where your next learning goals should be.

Analyse the results in your self-assessment sheet to decide if:		
I need to observe more carefully.		
I need to learn more about animals' skulls and teeth to be able to identify them.		
I need to use what I already know to explain what I can see.		

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