Skulls on the farm

When visiting his cousin's farm, William found two skulls in one of the paddocks. He thought one might be a cow or sheep, and the other a dog or cat.

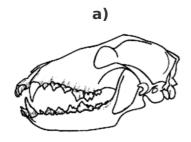


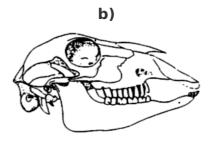






- . Look carefully at each skull to decide which animal it belonged to.
- . Compare the skulls with the pictures of the animals, and also think about other features you can observe on the skulls.
- . List as many reasons as you can for your choice.
- . Mark your work using the self-assessment sheet.





(The skulls are not to scale.)

- i) This is the skull of a ... herbivore / carnivore (circle one)
- ii) Identify 3 observable features of the
- skull and say how they support your statement above.
- iii) This is the skull of a cow / sheep / dog / cat (circle one)
- iv) Give one piece of evidence to support this:

- i) This is the skull of a ... herbivore / carnivore (circle one)
- ii) Identify 3 observable features of the skull and say how they support your statement above.

- iii) This is the skull of a cow / sheep / dog / cat (circle one)
- iv) Give one piece of evidence to support this:

Skulls on the Farm - Self-assessment sheet

	in the boxes below \square all the		evidence you used.		
a) i) This is the skull of a carnivore .					
ii)	Observations		Knowledge		
	sharp, pointy teeth		for biting off bits of meat - indicates a carnivore/meat eater		
	long, pointy, canine teeth		for piercing/ holding prey - indicates a carnivore/meat eater		
	teeth right along jaw bones		for chewing meat - indicates a carnivore/meat eater		
	overlapping teeth		act like scissors to chop meat - indicates a carnivore/meat eater		
	eye socket facing front This is the skull of a dog.		to look for prey - indicates a hunter/ predator		
	longish upper jaw		longer than a cat's		
, ,					
•	Observations		Knowledge for cutting off grass, indicates a plant eater/		
	chisel shaped sharp teeth in bottom front jaw		for cutting off grass - indicates a plant eater/ herbivore		
	no teeth in top front jawbony pad top front jaw	′	for the incisor teeth to cut against - indicates a plant eater/herbivore		
	grinding teeth at back		for grinding up plant material - indicates a plant eater/ herbivore		
	gap between front and back teeth		allows animal to protrude tongue through gap, wrap around grass and pull into the mouth		
	eye socket at side		for watching out for enemies - indicates a grazing animal		
iii)	This is the skull of a sheep.				
iv)	shortish upper jaw		shorter than a cattle beast's		
What evidence did you use from your previous experience or knowledge?					
You can use your self-assessment sheet to decide where your next learning goals should be.					
Analyse the results in your self-assessment sheet to decide if:					
<u> </u>	you need to observe more ca	arefully.			
	you need to learn more abou	ut animals'	' skulls and teeth to be able to identify them.		
\square you need to use what you already know to explain what you can see.					

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